







University-Eye-Clinic Heidelberg

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Stability of Lens Position of the FEMTIS® FB-313 after Femtolaser-Assisted

Capsulotomy: Interim Results of FEMTIS Multicentered Study

G. U. Auffarth and the Femtis and IVCRC.net Study Group

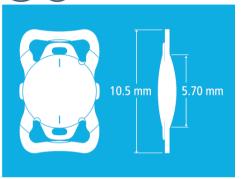
Dept. of Ophthalmology, University of Heidelberg, Germany International Vision Correction Research Centre (IVCRC), The David J Apple International Laboratory for Ocular Pathology

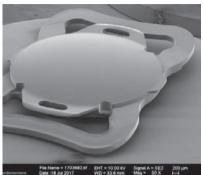
Relevant Financial Disclosures: Oculentis <sup>1,2,3</sup> Alcon<sup>1,2,3,4</sup> AMO<sup>1,2,3,4</sup>Carl Zeiss Meditec<sup>1,2,3</sup> Physiol<sup>1</sup> Hoya<sup>1,2,3</sup> 1 = Research Grants; 2 = Travel Expenses; 3 = Lecture Fees; 4 = Consulting



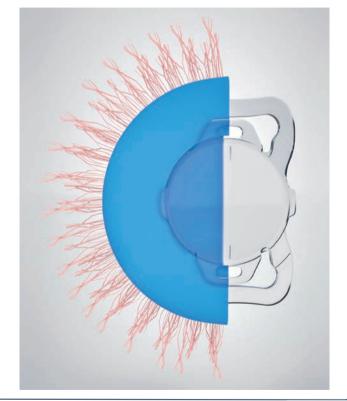








Туре	Foldable one-piece acrylic IOL for easy fixation in the capsulorrhexis
Optic Size	5.7 mm
Overall Length	10.5 mm
Haptic Angulation	0°
Optic Design	Biconvex Aspherical surface - posterior
Design	Optic and haptics with stepped square edges, posterior 360° continuous barrier effect
Material	HydroSmart** - a copolymer, consisting of acrylates with hydrophobic surface, UV absorbing
Available Diopters	+15.0D to +30.0D (0.5D)









# Study Design

- International trial with 8 clinics in Germany, GB, Spain, Andorra
- > 360 eyes (preferred bilateral)
- > Study visits: Preop, Surgery and postop 1-7 d, 6-8 w, 6 m, 12 m
- Cataract in both eyes
- Exp. postop. Corneal astigmatism < 1.0 D</p>
- Main endpoints: decentration
  - rotation
  - tilt
  - distance iris IOL
  - subjective refraction
  - visual acuity
  - PCO

Reading center (image analysis): IVCRC, Dept. of Ophthalmology, University of Heidelberg IWR, Dept. of applied Mathematics



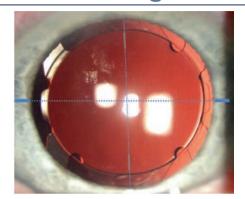


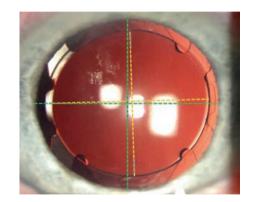


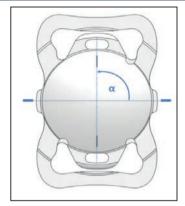
# Image analysis

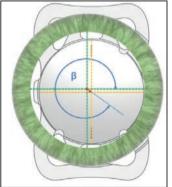
**IOL** rotation

**IOL** decentration









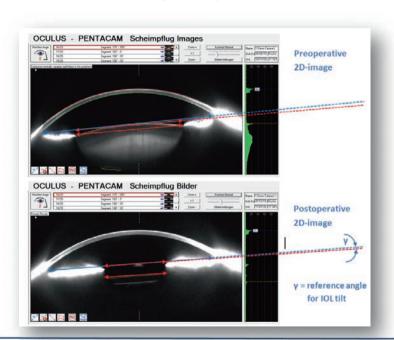




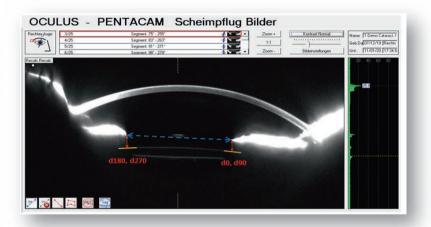


# Image analysis

#### **IOL** Tilt



#### Distance IOL to Iris









# Preoperative patient demographics

Eyes (n) Gender (n)	294	Patients (n) 156		Follow up completion (eyes)	
Female Male	<b>87</b> (55) <b>69</b> (44)	,		Preoperative	294
Age (y)	70.00	7.04		Surgery	282
Mean ± SD UDVA (logMAR)	72.26 ±	: 7.04		Postop. 1-7 Days	279
Mean ± SD	<b>0.57</b> ± 0	0.29		Postop. 6-8 Weeks	254
SE (D)  Mean ± SD  Sphere(D)	+0.27 ±	2.36		Postop. 6 Month	184 84
Mean ± SD	+0.63 ±	: 2.33		Postop. 12 Month	04
Cylinder (D)  Mean ± SD  CDVA (logMAR)	-0.74 ±	0.52			
Mean ± SD	0.25 ±	0.18			







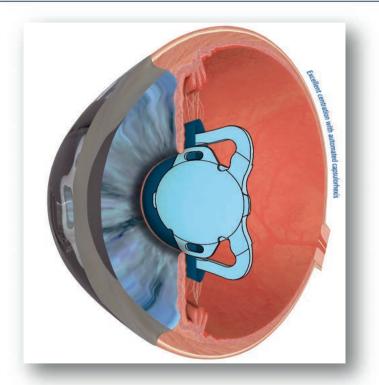
# Surgical characteristics

**IOL** power **(D)**  $20.33 \pm 2.42$ 

Capsulorhexis size (mm)  $4.95 \pm 0.11$ 

**Incision size (mm) 2.42**  $\pm$  0.33

**Surgery time (min)** 12.32  $\pm$  6.44



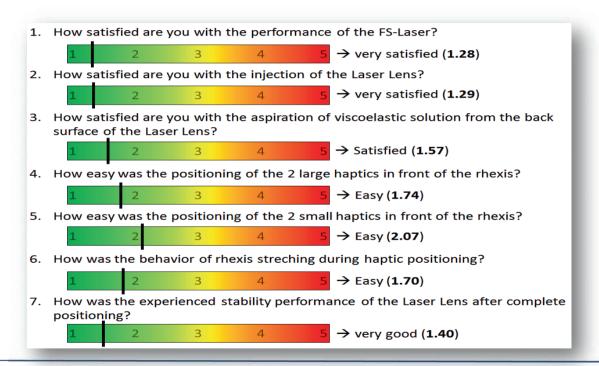






## Results - Investigator questionnaire

(grading: 1 = best ; 5 = worst regarding school marks)



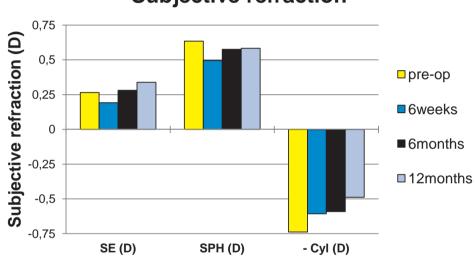


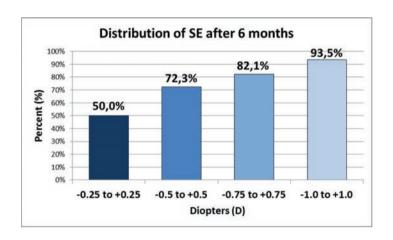




## Results - Predictability









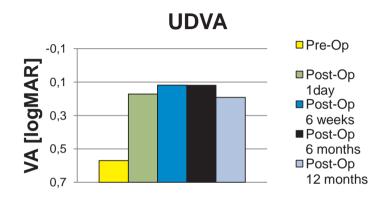
 A-constant optimization

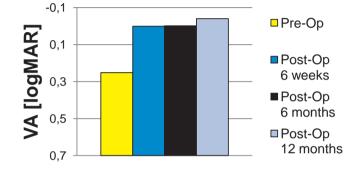






## Results - Visual Acuity





**CDVA** 



- Slightly decreasing after 12 month
- Reasonable of hyperopic shift

- However increased after 12 month
- Probably due to exact IOL centration







## Results - IOL Rotation

#### (Published study results)

Source: Becker KA, Auffarth GU, Völcker HE; Measurement method for the determination of rotation and decentration of intraocular lenses; Der Ophthalmologe [01 Jun 2004, 101(6):600-603]

#### $\rightarrow$ Mean IOL-rotation = 5.3° ± 1.4° after 6 months

Source: Ioannis T Tsinopoulos, Konstantinos T Tsaousis, Dimitrios Tsakpinis, Nikolaos G Ziakas, and Stavros A Dimitrakos; Acrylic toric intraocular lens implantation: a single center experience concerning clinical outcomes and postoperative rotation; Clin Ophthalmol. [2010; 4: 137–142]

#### $\rightarrow$ Mean IOL-rotation = 2.7° $\pm$ 1.5° after 6 months

Source: Draschl P, Hirnschall N, Luft N, Schuschitz S, Wiesinger J, Rigal K, Findl O.; Rotational stability of 2 intraocular lenses with an identical design and different materials.; [J Cataract Refract Surg. 2017 Feb;43(2):234-238]

- → Mean IOL-rotation = 2.4° ± 1.85° for the hydrophylic IOL
- → Mean IOL-rotation = 1.6° ± 1.61° for the hydrophobic IOL

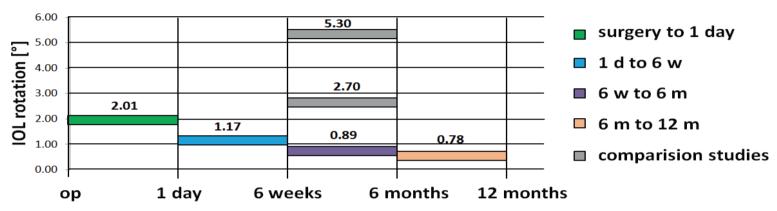






## Results - IOL Rotation







- Low rotation behaviour
- Minimal value compared to published studies







### Results - IOL Decentration

### (Published study results)

Source: Findl O, Hirnschall N, Draschl P, Wiesinger J.; Effect of manual capsulorhexis size and position on intraocular lens tilt, centration, and axial position; [J Cataract Refract Surg. 2017 Jul;43(7):902-908]

- → Mean IOL decentration 0.38 ± 0.23 mm (control group)
- → Mean IOL decentration 0.40 ± 0.21 mm (Rhexis 4.5 mm 5.5 mm)
- → Mean IOL decentration 0.17 ± 0.08 mm (Rhexis under 4.5 mm)

Source: Do-HyungLeeMD, PhD, Soo-CheolShinOD, Choun-KiJooMD, PhD; Effect of a capsular tension ring on intraocular lens decentration and tilting after cataract surgery; [JCRS Vol. 28, Issue 5, May 2002, Pages 843-846]

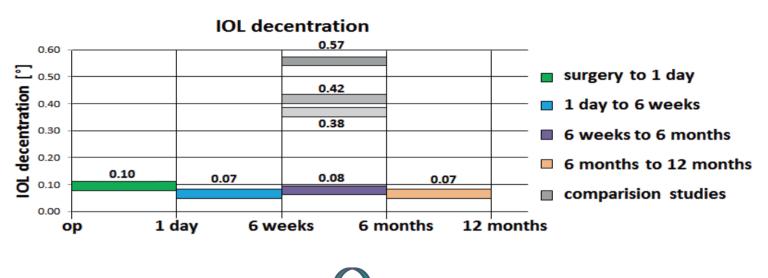
- → Mean IOL decentration 0.42 ± 0.17 mm (IOL with CTR)
- → Mean IOL decentration 0.57 ± 0.16 mm(IOL)







## Results - IOL Decentration



- Low decentration behaviour
- Minimal value compared to published studies







## Results - IOL Tilt

### (Published study results)

Source: Ale JB; Intraocular lens tilt and decentration: a concern for contemporary IOL designs; [Nepal J Ophthalmol. 2011 Jan-Jun;3(1):68-77.]

→ Average tilt 2°- 3°

Source: U. Mester, T. Sauer, H. Kaymak; Decentration and tilt of a single-piece aspheric intraocular lens compared with the lens position in young phakic eyes; [J Cataract Refract Surg. 2009 Mar;35(3):485-90.]

- → Horizontal tilt 2.50°
- → Vertical tilt 3.10°

Source: Martin Baumeister, MD, Jens Bühren, MD, Thomas Kohnen, MD; Tilt and decentration of spherical and aspheric intraocular lenses: Effect on higher-order aberrations; [J Cataract Refract Surg. Volume 35, Issue 6. June 2009, Pages 1006-1012]

→ Mean IOL tilt 2.89°

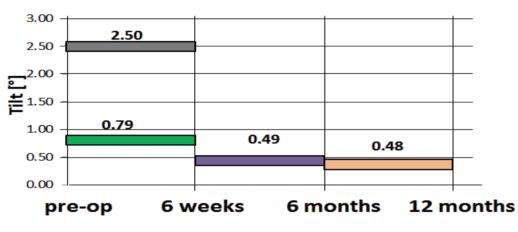






## Results - IOL Tilt





- pre-op to 6 weeks
- 6 weeks to 6 months
- 6 months to 12 months
- comparision study



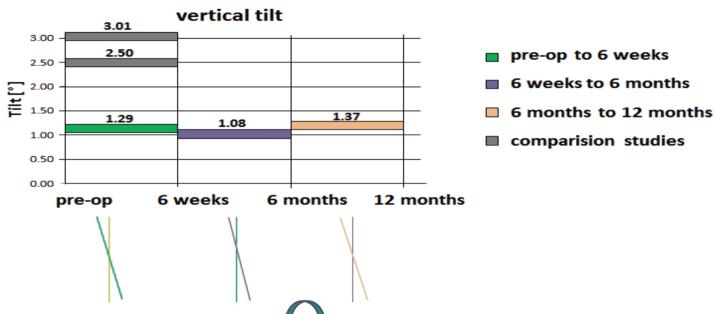
- Low horizontal Tilt behaviour
- Minimal value compared to published studies







## Results - IOL Tilt



- Low horizontal Tilt behaviour
- Minimal value compared to published studies







## Results - PCO

### (Published study results)

Source: Muñoz G, Albarrán-Diego C, Ferrer-Blasco T, Sakla HF, García-Lázaro S.; Visual function after bilateral implantation of a new zonal refractive aspheric multifocal intraocular lens.; [J Cataract Refract Surg. 2011 Nov;37(11):2043-52. doi: 10.1016/j.jcrs.2011.05.045.]

→ PCO grading of 64 eyes after 6 months

→ 59 eyes (92.7 %) grade 0 - 1

→ 4 eyes (6.3 %) grade 3

→ 1 eye (1.5 %) grade 4

Source: Schriefl SM, Leydolt C, Stifter E, Menapace R.; Posterior capsular opacification and Nd:YAG capsulotomy rates with the iMics Y-60H and Micro AY intra-ocular lenses: 3-year results of a randomized clinical trial.; [Acta Ophthalmol. 2015 Jun;93(4):342-7.]

- → PCO grading after 3 years
- $\rightarrow$  1.9 ± 1.7 group 1
- $\rightarrow$  1.7 ± 2.2 group 2







## Results - PCO

### (Published study results)

Source: Leydolt C, Schartmüller D, Schwarzenbacher L, Schranz M, Schriefl S, Menapace R.; omparison of posterior capsule opacification development with 2 single-piece intraocular lens types; [J Cataract Refract Surg. 2017 Jun;43(6):774-780. doi: 10.1016/j.jcrs.2017.06.005.]

- → YAG capsulotomy rate after 3 years
- $\rightarrow$  IOL-Group A = **16.4**%
- $\rightarrow$  IOL-Group B = **6.0**%



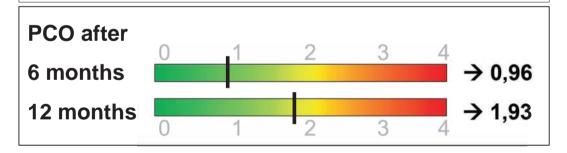




### Results - PCO

### **PCO** grading

- 0 none visible at all
- 1 visible but none reaching to IOL optic edge
- 2 slightly over IOL optic edge
- 3 well inside IOL optic but visual axis clear
- 4 across visual axis



Currently 3 YAG treatments (2 after 6 month, 1 after 12 month)







## Conclusions

## FEMTIS IOL





